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(d) Rules on emergency services furnished to outpatients by nonparticipating hospitals are set forth in subpart G of part 424 of this chapter.

(e) Medicare Part B makes payment under section 1833(t) of the Act for diagnostic services furnished at a facility (other than an RHC or an FQHC) that HCFA designates as having providerbased status only when the diagnostic services are furnished under the appropriate level of physician supervision specified by HCFA in accordance with definitions in §410.32(b)(3)(i), (b)(3)(ii), and (b)(3)(iii). Under general supervision at a facility accorded provider-based status, the training of the nonphysician personnel who actually perform the diagnostic procedure and the maintenance of the necessary equipment and supplies are the continuing responsibility of the facility.

[51 FR 41339, Nov. 14, 1986, as amended at 58 FR 30668, May 26, 1993; 63 FR 26307, May 12, 1998; 65 FR 18536, Apr. 7, 2000]

§ 410.29 Limitations on drugs and biologicals.

Medicare part B does not pay for the following:

- (a) Except as provided in §410.28(a) for outpatient diagnostic services and §410.63(b) for blood clotting factors, and except for EPO, any drug or biological that can be self-administered.
- (b) Any drug product that meets all of the following conditions:
- (1) The drug product was approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) before October 10, 1962.
- (2) The drug product is available only through prescription.
- (3) The drug product is the subject of a notice of opportunity for hearing issued under section 505(e) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on a proposed order of FDA to withdraw its approval for the drug product because it has determined that the product is less than effective for all its labeled indications.
- (4) The drug product is presently not subject to a determination by FDA, made under its efficacy review program, that there is a compelling justification of the drug product's medical need. (21 CFR 310.6 contains an explanation of the efficacy review program.)

(c) Any drug product that is identical, related, or similar, as defined in 21 CFR 310.6, to a drug product that meets the conditions of paragraph (b) of this section.

[51 FR 41339, Nov. 14, 1986, as amended at 55 FR 22790, June 4, 1990; 56 FR 43709, Sept. 4, 1991]

§410.30 Prescription drugs used in immunosuppressive therapy.

- (a) *Scope.* Payment may be made for prescription drugs used in immunosuppressive therapy that have been approved for marketing by the FDA and that meet one of the following conditions:
- (1) The approved labeling includes the indication for preventing or treating the rejection of a transplanted organ or tissue.

(2) The approved labeling includes the indication for use in conjunction with immunosuppressive drugs to prevent or treat rejection of a transplanted organ or tissue.

(3) Have been determined by a carrier (in accordance with part 421, subpart C of this chapter), in processing a Medicare claim, to be reasonable and necessary for the specific purpose of preventing or treating the rejection of a patient's transplanted organ or tissue, or for use in conjunction with immunosuppressive drugs for the purpose of preventing or treating the rejection of a patient's transplanted organ or tissue. (In making these determinations, the carriers may consider factors such as authoritative drug compendia, current medical literature, recognized standards of medical practice, and professional medical publications.)

(b) Period of eligibility. Coverage is available only for prescription drugs used in immunosuppressive therapy, furnished to an individual who receives an organ or tissue transplant for which Medicare payment is made, for the following periods:

(1) For drugs furnished before 1995, for a period of up to 1 year beginning with the date of discharge from the hospital during which the covered

transplant was performed.

(2) For drugs furnished during 1995, within 18 months after the date of discharge from the hospital during which the covered transplant was performed.

- (3) For drugs furnished during 1996, within 24 months after the date of discharge from the hospital during which the covered transplant was performed.
- (4) For drugs furnished during 1997, within 30 months after the date of discharge from the hospital during which the covered transplant was performed.
- (5) For drugs furnished after 1997, within 36 months after the date of discharge from the hospital during which the covered transplant was performed.
- (c) *Coverage*. Drugs are covered under this provision irrespective of whether they can be self-administered.

[60 FR 8955, Feb. 16, 1995. Redesignated at 63 FR 34327, June 24, 1998]

§ 410.31 Bone mass measurement: Conditions for coverage and frequency standards.

(a) *Definition*. As used in this section unless specified otherwise, the following definition applies:

Bone mass measurement means a radiologic, radioisotopic, or other procedure that meets the following conditions:

- (1) Is performed for the purpose of identifying bone mass, detecting bone loss, or determining bone quality.
- (2) Is performed with either a bone densitometer (other than dual-photon absorptiometry) or with a bone sonometer system that has been cleared for marketing for this use by the FDA under 21 CFR part 807, or approved for marketing by the FDA for this use under 21 CFR part 814.
- (3) Includes a physician's interpretation of the results of the procedure.
- (b) *Conditions for coverage.* Medicare covers a medically necessary bone mass measurement if the following conditions are met:
- (1) Following an evaluation of the beneficiary's need for the measurement, including a determination as to the medically appropriate procedure to be used for the beneficiary, it is ordered by the physician or a qualified nonphysician practitioner (as these terms are defined in §410.32(a)) treating the beneficiary.
- (2) It is performed under the appropriate level of supervision of a physician (as set forth in §410.32(b)).
- (3) It is reasonable and necessary for diagnosing, treating, or monitoring the

- condition of a beneficiary who meets the conditions described in paragraph (d) of this section.
- (c) Standards on frequency of coverage—(1) General rule. Except as allowed under paragraph (c)(2) of this section, Medicare may cover a bone mass measurement for a beneficiary if at least 23 months have passed since the month the last bone mass measurement was performed.
- (2) Exception. If medically necessary, Medicare may cover a bone mass measurement for a beneficiary more frequently than allowed under paragraph (c)(1) of this section. Examples of situations where more frequent bone mass measurement procedures may be medically necessary include, but are not limited to, the following medical circumstances:
- (i) Monitoring beneficiaries on longterm glucocorticoid (steroid) therapy of more than 3 months.
- (ii) Allowing for a confirmatory baseline bone mass measurement (either central or peripheral) to permit monitoring of beneficiaries in the future if the initial test was performed with a technique that is different from the proposed monitoring method.
- (d) Beneficiaries who may be covered. The following categories of beneficiaries may receive Medicare coverage for a medically necessary bone mass measurement:
- (1) A woman who has been determined by the physician (or a qualified nonphysician practitioner) treating her to be estrogen-deficient and at clinical risk for osteoporosis, based on her medical history and other findings.
- (2) An individual with vertebral abnormalities as demonstrated by an x-ray to be indicative of osteoporosis, osteopenia, or vertebral fracture.
- (3) An individual receiving (or expecting to receive) glucocorticoid (steroid) therapy equivalent to 7.5 mg of prednisone, or greater, per day for more than 3 months.
- (4) An individual with primary hyperparathyroidism.
- (5) An individual being monitored to assess the response to or efficacy of an FDA-approved osteoporosis drug therapy.
- (e) Denial as not reasonable and necessary. If HCFA determines that a bone